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Is 21st Century Surrogacy is having Advantages or Disadvantages in India

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Abstract—Surrogacy in this 21st Century in India is low cost and the laws are flexible. But as of 2014 a Surrogacy ban was placed on homosexual couples and single parents. Day by day many IVF/Test tube Baby/Surrogacy or infertility Research centers growing rapidly in our country. However commercial Surrogacy is now illegal in India after a bill passed in August /September 2016. The first Surrogacy case was reported/found on 23rd June 1994 in India. The Surrogate mother is certainly the fragile person who makes this practice, questionable, Surrogacy pregnancy and delivery may involve a remarkable number of complications like hypertensive disorders, gestational diabetes, cesarean section, episiotomy and postpartum depression etc., etc. Do we have the moral right to put another person at risk to satisfy our desire for a genetic or semi-genetic child? Genetic Surrogacy is inherently more problematic and more likely to fail than gestational Surrogacy. India is the second highest population country having its own very rich culture and traditions in the World. Different religions take different approaches to Surrogacy, often related to their stances on assisted reproductive technology in general. Many ethical issues that have been raised with regards to Surrogacy. Many developments in medicine, social customs, and legal proceedings worldwide paved the way for Modern Commercial Surrogacy. In the present investigation after doing some preliminary experimentation it is discussed practically whether Surrogacy is necessary/feasible in India or not? and conclusions were drawn.

Keywords: Genetic Surrogacy, Gestational Surrogacy, Health issues and Reproductive technology in India.

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